### INSTRUCTIONS-Listings due By January 31.

#### Commonly Asked Questions

Who must file a listing, and what do Ilist?

Any individual(s). or busil)ess(es) owning or possessing personal property used or connected with a business or other fincome producing purpose on January 1. Temporary absence of personalproperty from the place at Which It is normally taxable shall not affect this rule. For example, alawn tractor used for personal use I to mow the lawn at your home is not listed. However, a lawn tractor used as part of a andscaping business in this county must be listed if the lawn tractor is formally in this county, even if It happens to be In another state or county on January. if It happens to be In another state or county on January

NCGS 105-308 reads that .."any person whose duty It is to list any property who willfully fails or refuses to fist the same within the time prescribed by law shall be guilty of a Class 2 misdemeanor. The failure to list shall be prima facie evidence that the failure was willful." A class 2 misdemeanor is punishable by Imprisonment of up to 60 days

When and where to list?

 $jsti't_{\text{fire}}$  due 9!0 o gefore Jan;f {(\lambda k They must be filed with the Countvax apartment u | t=|LE | H | M WITH THE NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE. This form will not be accepted by the NC Department

A list of county tax office addresses can be found at the NC Department of Revenue's Website. http://www.dor.state.nc.us/publications/property.html

As required by state law, late !!stings may result in a discovery with a penaltY,. An extension of time to list may be obtained b'i sending a written request showing 'good cause" to the County Assessor by January 31.

How do Ilist? -- Three important rules:

(1) Read these INSTRUCTIONS for each schedule or group. Contact your county tax

(1) Read triese informations in each scriedule of group. Contact your country tax office if you need additional clarification.

(2) If a Schedule or Group does not apply to you indicate so on the listing form, DO NOT LEAVE A SECTION BLANK, <u>DO NOT</u> WRITT: "SAME AS LAST YEAR". A tisfriQ foil11may be rejected for these reasons and could result in late listing penalt1es.

(3) Listings must be filed based on the tax district where the propertY is physicall'i rocated. If you have received multiple listing forms, each form must be completeCf separately.

#### INFORMATION SECTION

Complete all sections at the top of the form, whether or not they are specifically addressed in these INSTRUCTIONS. Attach additional sheets if necessary.

(1) Other N.C. Counties where personal property Is located: If your business has property normally located In other counties, listhose counties here. 12) Contact person for audit: In case the county tax office needs additional information, or to verify the information listed, list the person to be contacted here.

(3) Physical address: Please note here the location of the property. The actual ptiysical location may be different from the mailing address. Post Office Boxes are

ptivisical location may be different from the mailing address. Post Uπice Boxes are not acceptable.

(4) Principal Business in this County: What does the listed business do? For example: Tobacco Farmer, Manufacture electricalappliances, Laundromat, Restaurant. The SIC or NAICS code may help describe this Information, if you do not know the SIC or NAICS code, please write "unknown".

Complete other requested business information. Make any address changes.

6 If out of business: If the business we have sent this form to has closed, complete 1s section and attach any additional information regarding the sale of the property.

The year acquired column: The rows which begin "2018" are the rows In which you report property acquired during the calendar year 2018. Other years fo!!ow the same

Schedule A is divided into eight (8) groups. Each is addressed below. Some counties may have the column "Prior Years Cost pre-printed. This column should contain the cost Information from last year's listing. Ifft does not.\_please complete this colum; referring back to your last year's listing. List under ".,urrent Year's Cost" the 100"to cost of all depreciable personal property in your possession on January 1. Include all fully depreciated assets as well. Round amounts to the nearest dollar. Use the Additions' and "Deletionscolumn to explain changes from "Prior Yr. Cost" to "Current Yr. Cosr. The "Prior Year's Cost" plus "Additions" minus "Deletionsshould equal "Current Years Cost" If there are any additions and/or deletions, please note those under schedule G, Acquisitions and Disposals Detail. If the deletion is a transferred or paid out lease, please note this, and to whom the property was transferred.

NOTE: If you purchased an existing business and Its assets since Januar. 1, 2018, do not complete this listing form without first contacting the county tax office for further instructions.

QQSI - Note that the cost information you provide IIII.Illilinclude .all costs associated Wifffilie acquisition as well as the costs associated with bringing that property into operation. These costs may Include, but are not limited to invoice cost, trade-in allowances, freight, Installation costs, sales tax, expensed costs, and construction

The cost figures reported should be historical cost, that is the original cost of an item when first purchased, even if it was first purchased by someone other than the current owner. For example, you, the current owner, may have purchased equipment In 2010 for \$100, but the individual you purchased the equipment from acquired the equipment in 2002 for \$1000. You, the current owner, should report the property as acqwred in 2002 for \$1000.

Property should be reported at its actual historical Installed cost IF at the retail level of trade. For example, a manufacturer of computers can make a certain model for \$1000 total cost. It is typically available to any retail customer for \$2000, If the manufacturer .llll.ls the model for business purposes, he should report the computer at it's cost at the retail level of trade, which Is \$2000, not the \$1000 It actually cost the manufacturer. Leasing companies must list property they lease at the retail trade level, even if their actual cost is at the manufacturer or wholesaler level of trade.

# Group (1) MACHINERY & EQUIPMENT

This Is the group used for reporting the cost of all machinery and equipment. This Includes all store equipment, manufacturing equipment, production lines (hi-tech or low-tech), as well as warehouse and packaging equipment. Iist the total cost by year of acquisition, Including fully depreciated assets that are still connected with the

For example; a manufacturer of dish washers purchased a metal folding machine in October 201for \$10,000. The sales tax was \$200, shipping charges were \$200, and Installation costs were \$200. The total cost that the manufacturer should report is \$10,600, if there were no other costs incurred. The \$10,600 should be added in group (1) to the 2018 current year's cost column as an addition.

## Group (2) Construction In Progress (CIP)

C!P is business personal property which is under construction on January 1. The accountant will typica!ly not capitalize the assets under construction until all of the costs associated with the asset are known. In the Interim period, the accountant wi!! typically maintain the costs of the asset in a CIP account. The total of this account represents Investment In personal property, and Is to be listed with the other capita! assets of the business during the listing period. Iist in detail. If you have no CIP, write "none".

## Group (3) Office Furniture & Fixtures

This group is for reporting the costs of all furniture & fixtures and small office machines used in the business operation. This includes, but Is not limited to  $_{\rm 1}$  file cabinets, desks, chairs, adding machines, curtains, blinds, ceiling fans, window a1r conditioners, telephones, intercom systems, and burglar alarm systems.

## Group (4) Computer Equipment

This group is for reporting the costs of non-production computers & peripherals. This includes, but is not limited to, personal computers, midrange, or mainframes, as well as the monitors, printers, scanners, magnetic storage devices, cables, & other peripherals associated with those computers. This category also includes software that Is capitalized and purchased from an unrelated business entity. Note: The development cost of software or any modification cost to softwarehwhether done Internally by the taxpayer or externally by a third party to meet t e customer's specified needs Is excluded and should not be reported. This does not Incwde high tech equipment such as proprietary computerized point of sale equipment or1gh tech medicalequipment! or computer controlled equipment, or the high-tech computer components that contra the equipment. This type of equipment would be included in Group (1) or "other". Group (1) or "other"

## Group (5) Improvements to Leased Property

This group includes improvements made by or for the business to real property leased or used by the business. The improvements may or may not be intended to remain in place at the end of the lease, but they must still be listed by the business unless it has been determined that the improvements will be appraised as real Property by the county for this tax year. Contact the appropriate county to determine if you question whether these improvements will be appraised as real property for this tax year, if you have made no Improvements to leaseCf properti write "none . Do not include In Ihis group any Store Equipment- Group (1) or Office Furniture and Fixtures-Group (3).

### Group (6) Expensed Items

This group is for reporting any assets which would typically be capitalized, but due to the business' capitalization tlireshold, they have been expensed. (If you are able to provide the counly tax office with a detaileil list of costs and a description of the assets In the Expensed Items category, please do so.) Section 179 expensed items should be included in the appropriate group {1} through (4). Fill in the blank which asks for your business' "Capital!zation Threshold." If you have no expensed Items write "none".

# Group (7) Supplies

Almost al! businesses have supplies. These Include norma! business operating supplies. List the cost on hand as of January 1. Remember, the temporary absence Of property on January 1 does not mean it should not be !!sled if that property \$\blacksquare\$ consumed in the manufacturing \$\blacksquare\$ cost that become a part of the property being sold, such as packaging materials, or raw materials, for a manufacturer, do not have to be listed. Even though inventory is exempt, supplies are not. Even if a business carries supplies in an inventory account, they remain taxable they remain taxable

## Group (8) Other

This group will not be used unless instructed by authorized county tax personnel.

SCHEDULE B VEHICULAR EQUIPMENTATTACH ADDITIONAL SCHEDULES

Motor Vehicles registered with the North Carolina Division of Motor Vehicles as of January 1st, do not have to be listed, with the exception of Multi-Year or Permanently Registered Trailers, Special Bodies on Vehicles, and International Registration Plan (IRP) Plated Veliicles. Please answer the questions on the form to determine if you should complete and attach separate schedules B-1 for certain other vehicles, B-2 for Watercraft or Watercraft engines, B-3 for Mobile Homes or Mobile Offices, or B-4 for Aircraft.

# SCHEDULE C PROPERTY IN YOUR POSSESSION, BUT OWNED BY OTHERS

If on January 1, you have In your possession any business machines, machinery, furniture, vending e ulpment, game machines, postage meters, or tny other equipment which is loaned, leased, or otherwise held and not owned y you, a complete description and ownership of the property should be reported in this section. This Information Is for office use only. Assessments will be made to the owner/lessor. If you have already filed the January 15th report required by &105-315, so indicate. If you have none, write "none" in this section. If property is fle(J) by a lessee under a "capital lease" where there is a conditional sales contract, or if title to the property will transfer at the end of the lease due to a nominal "purchase upon termination" fee, then the Jessee Is responsible for listing under the appropriate group.

SCHEDULED, E, F, G, AND H, please answer the questions provided on the form to determine if you need to complete and attach separate schedules E-1, G-1, or H-1 to the main buSiness personal property listing form.

If the form is not signed by an authorized person, it wi!! be rej·ected and could be subject to penalties. This section describes who may sign the !ising form.

listings submitted by mail shall be deemed to be filed as of the date shown on the ostmark affixed by lne U.S. Postal Service. Any other indication of the date mailed guch as your own postage meter) Is not considered and the !!sting shall be deemed to a filed When received in the office of the tax assessor.

Any person who willfully attempts, or who wl11fully aids or abets any person to attempt, in any manner to evade or defeat the taxes imposed under this Subchapter (of the Revenue Laws), whether by removal or concealment of property or otherwise)shall be guilty of a Class 2 misdemeanor. (Punishable by imprisonment up to 60 days